Debra Witwer Cramer 201 W 2nd Street, Mound Valley, Ks 67354 Proponent Testimony for SB353 SENATE UTILITIES COMMITTEE

Feb 3, 2022

Chair Senator Thompson and members of the committee, my name is Debra Cramer, a private citizen that has had previous occupations with county government in the State of Kansas, trained in areas of appraisal, data collection, mapping, which allows me to work with county documents and departments. I am, a graduate of Ozark Christian College, and currently involved in ministry.

I am a fifth generation Kansans, and I've have lived in Kansas most of my life, the last forty-four years in Mound Valley, a small town of fewer than 500 residents in southeast Kansas. I have a farm background and a love for my county and my state.

The State of Kansas has an opportunity to not only safeguard its citizens but to assist the counties through **SB 353**, and to aid the committee I'm providing a very detailed orientated testimony, believing it is necessary to show you what I have discovered from examining wind developers leases of individual landowners in Labette County so that you will pass this bill. I hope that you will read it and view the aerial pictures I had made.

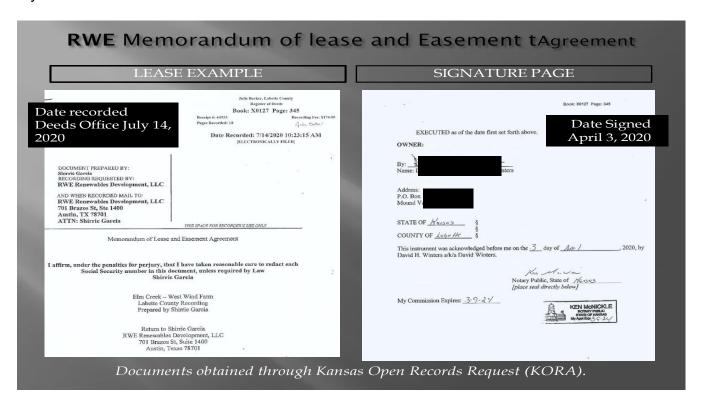
Background information This is what took place in Labette County. I became involved in wind energy in the spring last year (2021) after Labette County Commissioners Lonnie Addis, Cole Prohel, and Brian Kinzie began holding town hall-style meetings to ask residents as to our thoughts on Wind Developers; *RWE Renewables* (*RWE*) proposed *Elm Creek-West Wind Generation Farm, as our city was in the footprint*.

After a few of these meetings, word through the grapevine was that **RWE** already had properties leased in close proximity to Mound Valley. This leasing would involve town leaders and their family members and **I** became concerned that inadequate setback protections for the city could exist if one should develop. Especially with two of the County Commissioners on the same page of wind development, as a wise attorney, taught in a Kansas courtroom, if the county and the wind energy are on the same page, the petitioners can be inadequately represented.

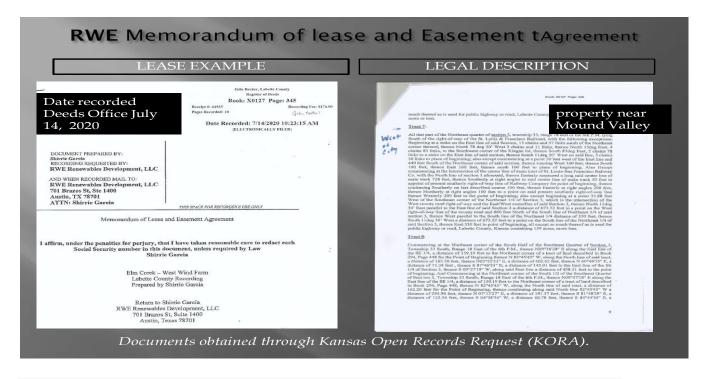
Needed to see if the grapevine talk was true, I went to the Register of Deeds office, and with an open record request (KORA) I asked for Record Management Report for **RWE** leases and from the report the RWE Memorandum lease and Easement can be identified, and leases can be obtained. An example is provided on the next page.

The provided documents, and pictures of leased properties were created using county documents, RWE Renewables leases in Labette County and State of Kansas aerial maps. My work was checked y a Certified Cartographer from the State of Kansas.

I have done all I can as a private citizen to provide you this information without any errors and I have done so for the sole purpose to make you aware this taking place in the state. I disclose to you that I am sharing documents with no intent to sell, in compliance with K.S.A. 45-220 (c); K.S.A. 45-230, but only to disclose what I have found, or others had brought to my attention.



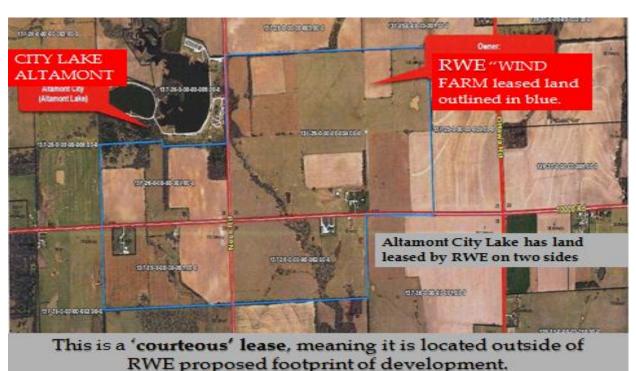
The Records Management Report can be obtained in any county in the state by requesting the developer.



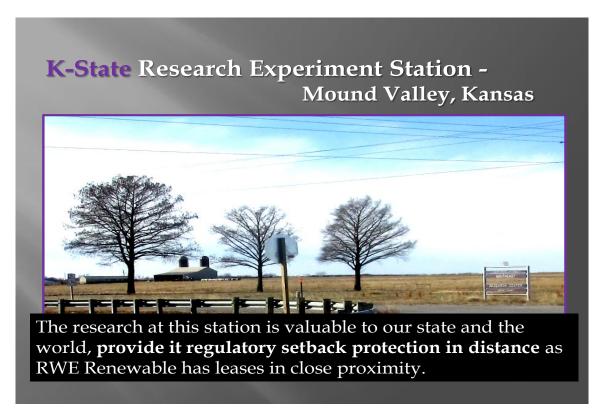
With 18,000 acres leased without any notification to non-leasing landowners with the aid of others decided to map the leases using legals from leases. **Seeing the locations of leases**; I became concerned about turbines being erected in certain areas as the mapping showed leases bordering the city limits of three of our un-zoned cities, in close proximity to two of the USD 506 schools and on two sides of the Altamont City Lake. As well as leasing outside of the footprint areas. So I created the following pictures, to share as visuals.

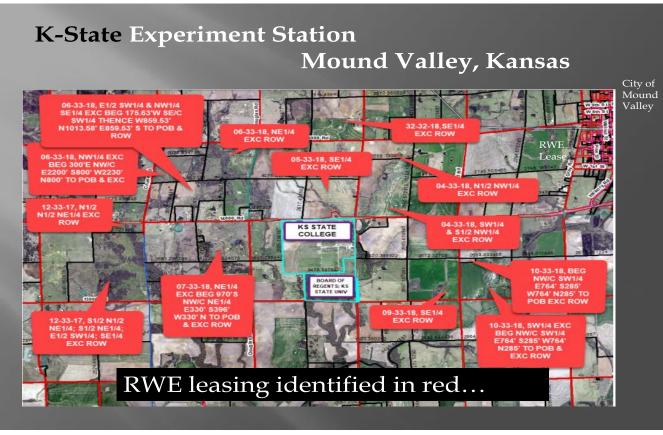
Due to **NO state regulations** wind developers get by with 'courtesy' leasing





Three sides of the **K-State Research Center** at the Mound Valley location, have **RWE** leases in close proximity, as close as across the road.





The Corps of Engineers Big Hill Lake has RWE leased properties in close distance, as close as across the road from the Mound Valley campsite. Numerous leases are within 3-mile proximity to the Kansas Fish and Game state owned properties. The following statement is the Kansas Department of Wildlife, Parks and Tourism Position Statement on Wind Energy and Wildlife Issues in Kansas. "That projects should adhere to the Siting Guidelines for Windpower Projects in Kansas, produced by the Kansas Renewable Energy Working Group3, or the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's Land Based Wind Energy Guidelines4. 6) That the Department manages public wildlife areas to optimize habitat for native wildlife species— especially game species and migratory birds. This work tends to concentrate wildlife in those areas. To avoid adverse impacts to those species and the users of the wildlife areas, the Department recommends that turbines not be sited within three (3) miles of a KDWPT-managed property.

The properties identified by a red tabs are RWE Renewables leased properties, there are so many leases in the three mile area of the Kansas Department of wildlife fish and game managed areas that I could not get them marked on this map as it distorted it.

RWE RENEWABLES leased properties in range of

KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE AND PARKS and

Corps of Engineers BIG HILL LAKE areas LABETTE COUNTY



The **USA** in white outline in blue represents the **Corps of Engineers Big Hill Lake**, and the other properties marked in white are owned by The State of Kansas, fish and game.

What is dangerous about RWE RENEWABLES wind developers leasing in these areas is what can happen when commissioners are on the same page as wind developers? Residents of the county can be inadequately represented and have unfair and unsafe regulations passed to protect them!

Recalled County Commissioners BRIAN KINZIE ensured the citizens of our county "I feel like if <u>it</u> (implying wind energy) was unsafe ... the state... would be putting more regulation and tell us what setback should be. "and that not happening"! Statement from Parson Sun News, article Kinzie seeks to save his commission seat. Nov 23, 2022

According to Labette County Neighbors United, information from a KORA document reveal that14 times from **Jan through April 30** Commissioner Kinzie had phone conversations with RWE. The document can be provided upon request.

Commissioners Brian Kinzie and Cole Prohel, also on the same page with wind developers **RWE**, had a **KOMA violation**, from a phone conversation, that took place around **April 27, 2021**, and **RWE** was mentioned according to the letter received back from the AG's office. Three days later on **April 30**th Commissioner Cole Prohel, introduced the following setbacks, and it was passed with the support of Commissioner Brian Kinzie.

Labette County Resolution #2021-31-L (DOCUMENT COPY PROVIDED)

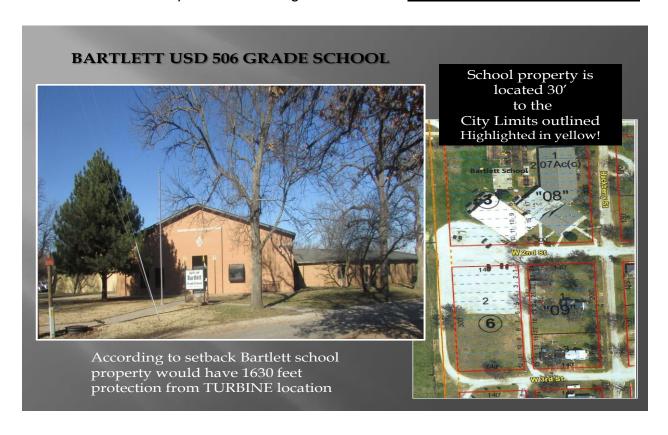
- 1. Setbacks
- a. 1.1 times height of turbine or 500 feet from public roads and non-participating property lines.
- b. 1,600 feet from non-participating residences
- c. Follow federal guidelinse for water and wildlife habitat
- d. 1 mile from in-corporate towns within Labette County.

The document can be provided.

Mound Valley city leaders, with the mayor on the same page of wind energy (as he stated that he had three businesses could profit from the development), and family members of the mayor on the council and all related to other family members with **RWE** leases, and rest of the city council reluctant to they chose **NOT TO ADOPT** setback distances through zoning. Therefore all of Mound Valley City setback distances were based on the county.

None of the three cities that RWE leased on their city borders passed zoning, neither did any of those cities hold town-style meeting to hear from their residents.

Bartlett Kansas is an un-incorporated town in Labette County where a **USD 506** Grade School is located and the school yard is the distance of a 30' alley from the city limits. The resolution passed in 2021 gave the school 1630 feet from turbines locations.





Without laws to stop **leasing before regulatory setback for turbine locations** wind developers are permitted to lease in areas they should never be turbines set to operate.

Mound Valley – Wind Developers **RWE RENEWABLES** leased 1, 479 acres with a local resident. Track 7 outlined in blue is a 159-acre track, bordering the city on the west about half of the length, and as close as **875** feet (more or less) from the Mound Valley grade school at one point.



Tract seven enlarged below to show how close it is to the city and our grade school.



Months later, under pressure Commissioner Cole Prohel out of the blue asked to resend his resolution and just as fast as setbacks were put into law, they were removed! So today with over 21,000 acres leased we have NO setback protections for turbines.

And the next resolution concerning setback distances, may give the incorporated cities 5280 feet, and it may not. It may provide the unincorporated cities and the rural residents 1600 feet, and it may not, and it might provide K-State, Kansas fish and game, and lakes, and state highways in leased areas 500 feet – but it may not!

From what has taken place in Labette County we know we can't leave certain areas unprotected from setback distances as wind energy cannot be trusted to lease in areas.

Our safety, the safety of school children, the safety of those driving down a state highway, or enjoying themselves at the Kansas Fish and Game lands, or at state parks, and lakes across the state are in your hands, as you have before you a Senate Bill that will provide that protection of safety as. There is more than enough research and evidence brought to your attention to support the recommended setback in this bill.

In Closing; the State of Kansas has an opportunity to assist the counties through Senate Bill 353 and provide setback regulations that are equitable and fair statewide, that consider citizens' safety and health above all!

I know that consideration for home rule is important so I hope that you will remember to let home rule, rule where it can, but because home rule may be inequitable to the citizens due to the influence of wind energy as we have witnessed in Labette County establishing state-mandated setback distances would keep what happened here from ever taking place again throughout the state.

It is not wise leaving decisions of this magnitude solely to county commissioners and leaders of small cities, where everyone knows everybody but very little about wind energy to adopt and place safe regulations to protect the citizens.

Absolutely it would be unfair not only for Labette County and other counties but also to our state if the **Utilities Committee** does not aggressively defend or look into these matters.

Debra Witwer Cramer Mound Valley, Ks 67354